

Preliminaries

Everything You Always  
Wanted to Know About  
Math\*

\* But were afraid to ask.

# Outline

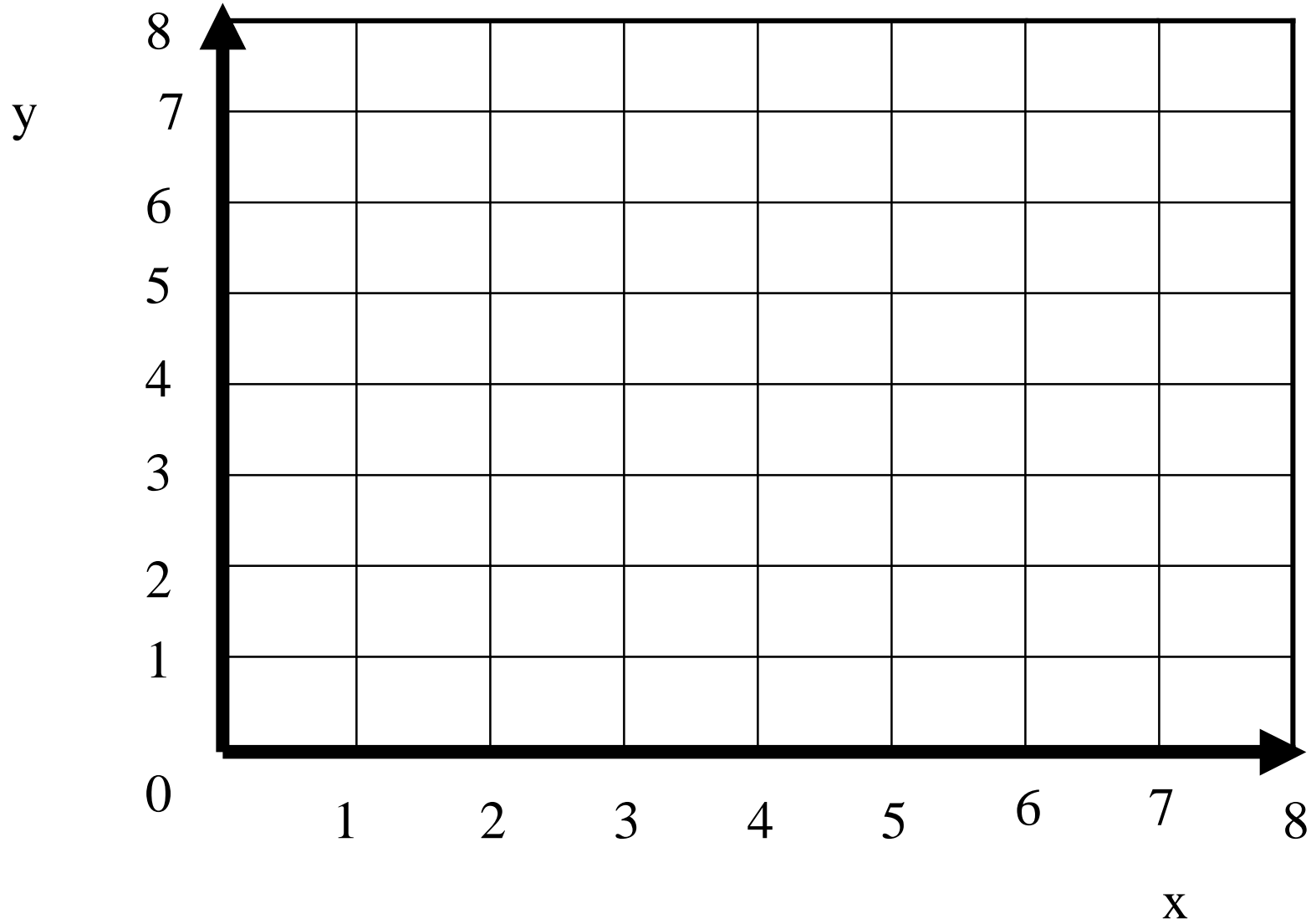
1. Graphs and Equations
2. Depicting and Solving Systems of Equations
3. Levels, Changes and Percentage Change
4. Non-linear relationships and Elasticities

# Graphs and Equations

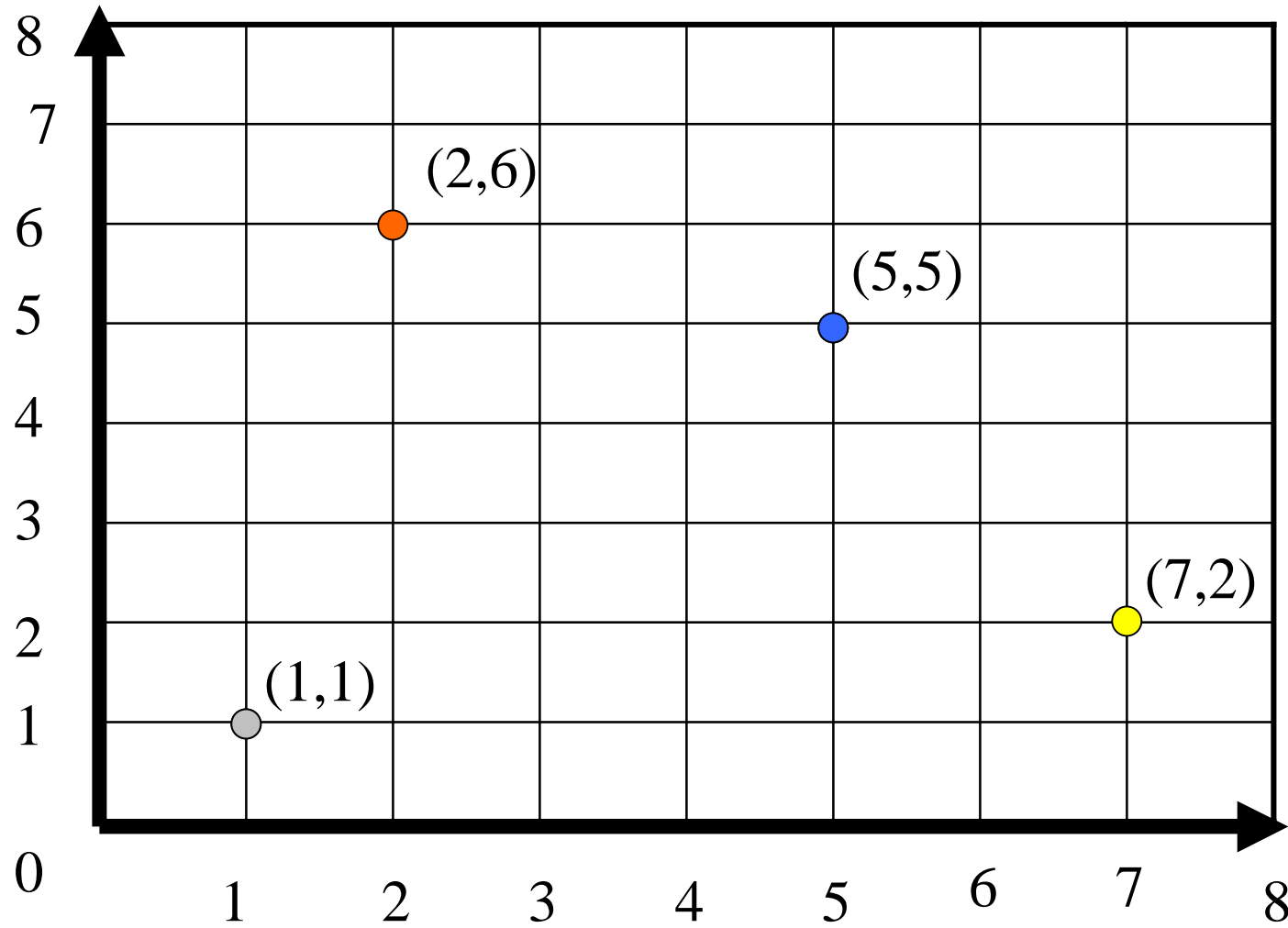
# Depicting 2-dimensional relationships

1. Depicting the association between pairs of variables using a Cartesian Plane.
2. Depicting Bivariate (2-variable) functions.

# The Cartesian Plane



# Points in a Cartesian Plane



# Equation for a straight-line function

$$y = mx + b$$

Slope                      Intercept

↓                                      ↓

↑                                      ↑

Dependent Variable                      Independent Variable

## Examples:

$$y = x$$

$$y = 3 + 0.25x$$

$$y = 6 - 2x$$

## Slope

1

0.25

- 2

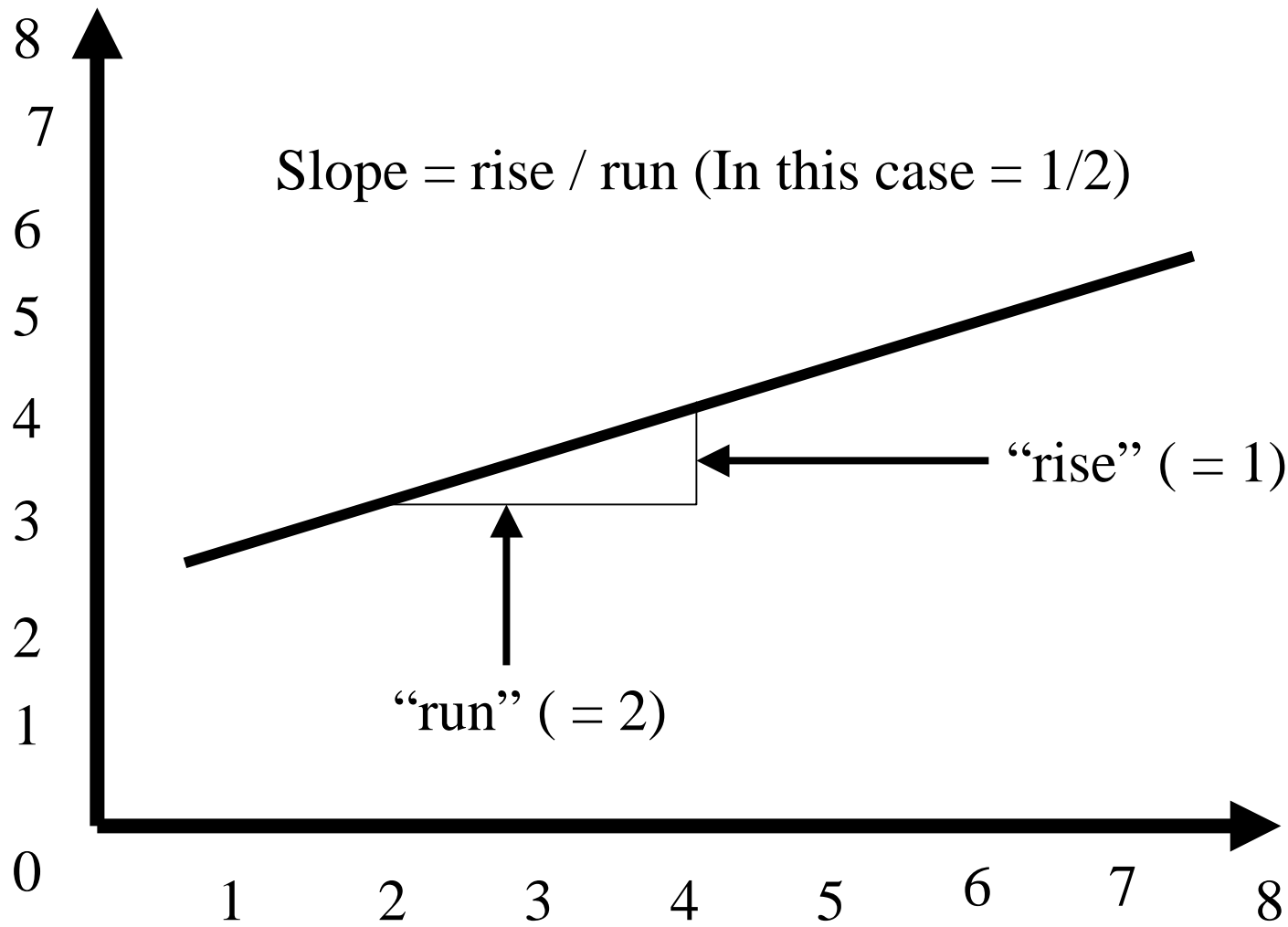
## Intercept

0

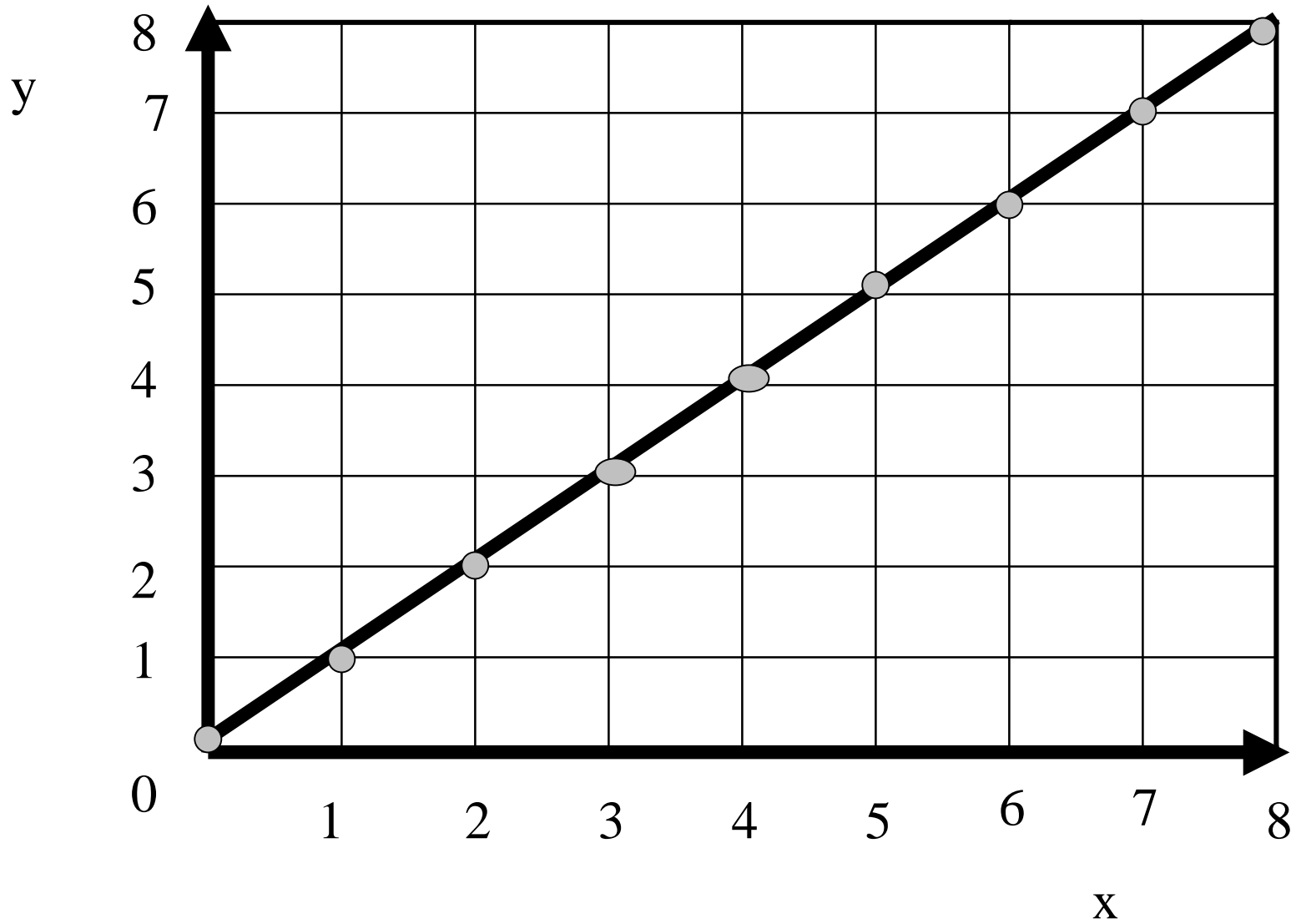
3

6

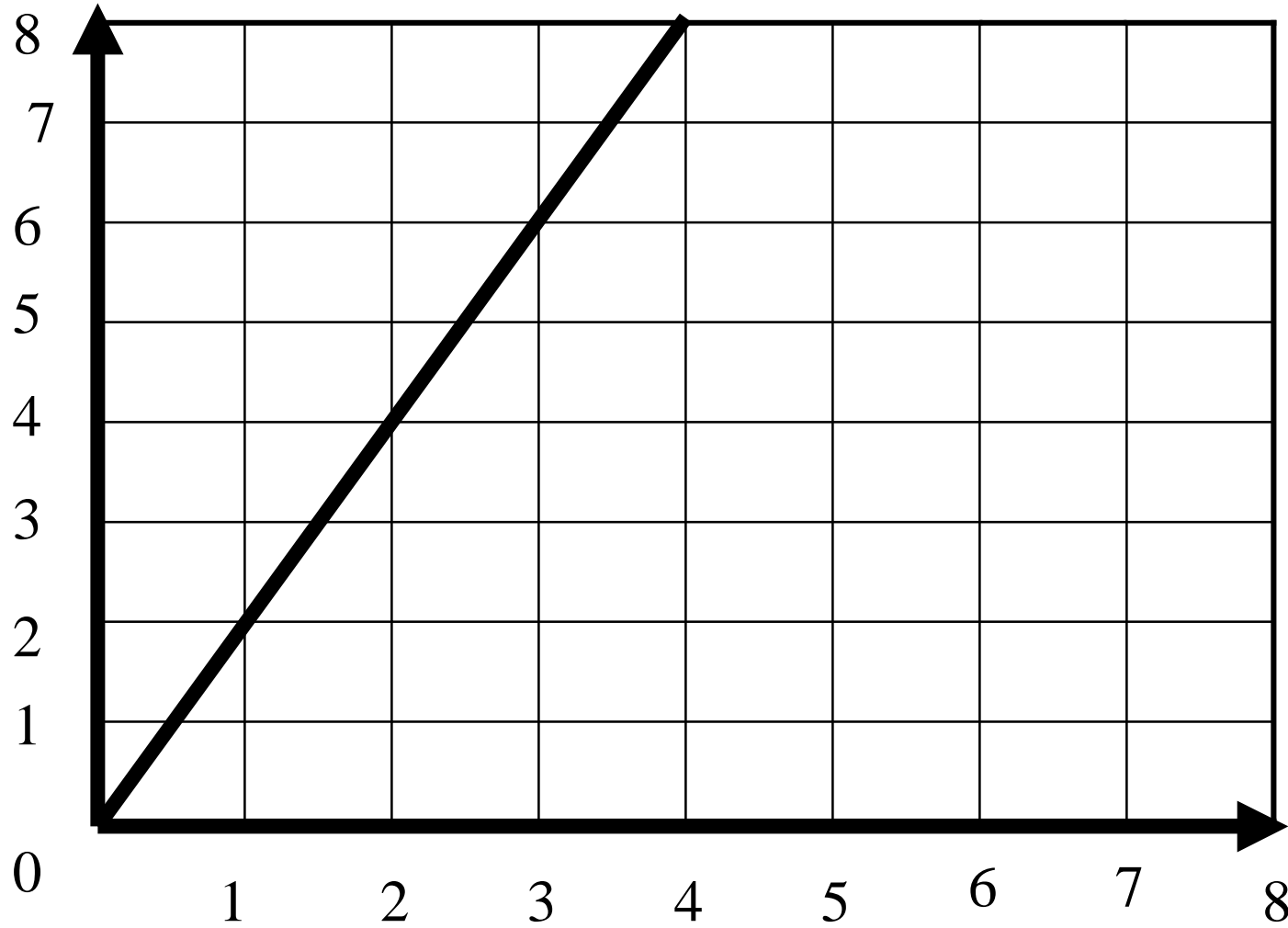




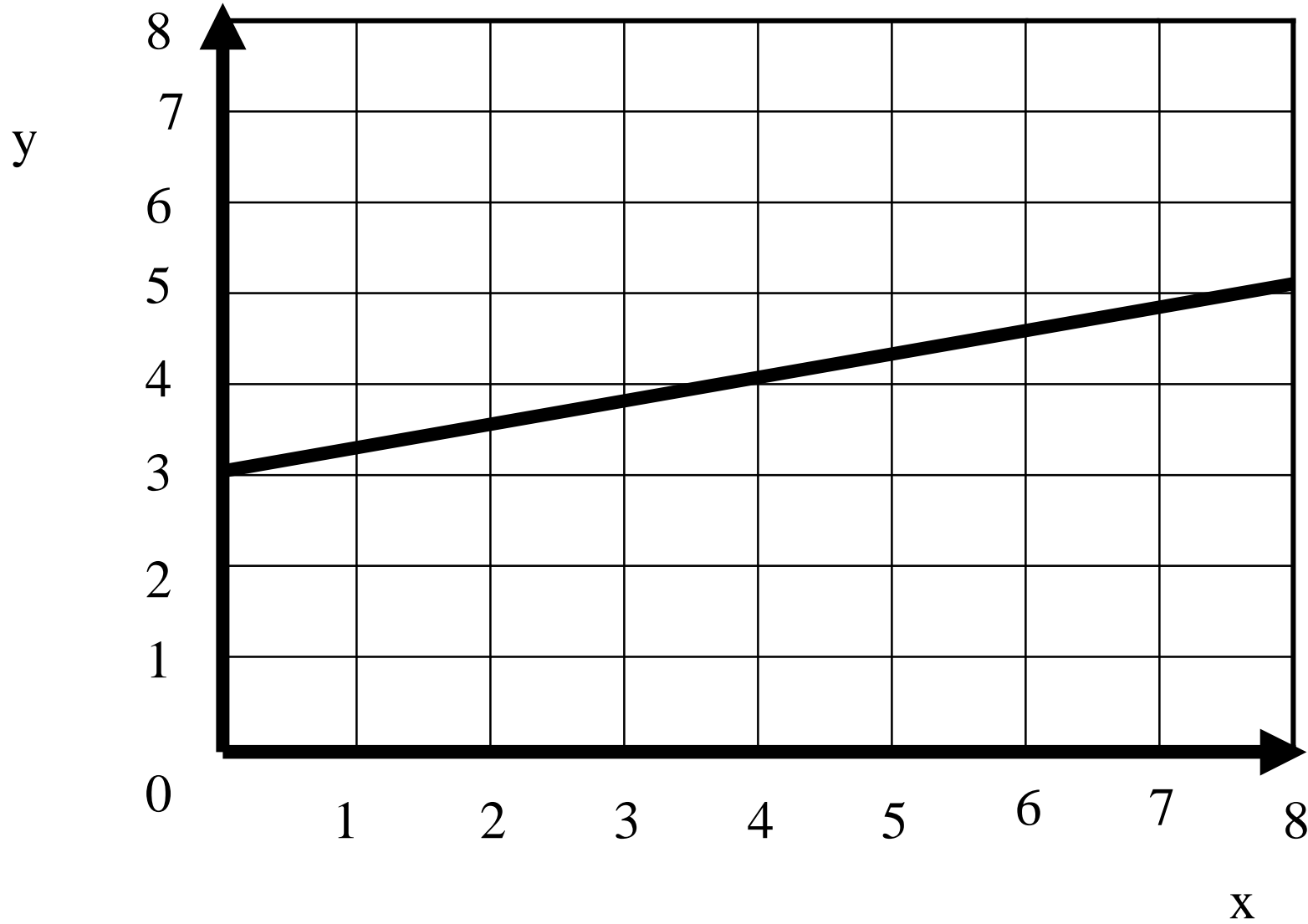
# Plotting the Function $y = x$



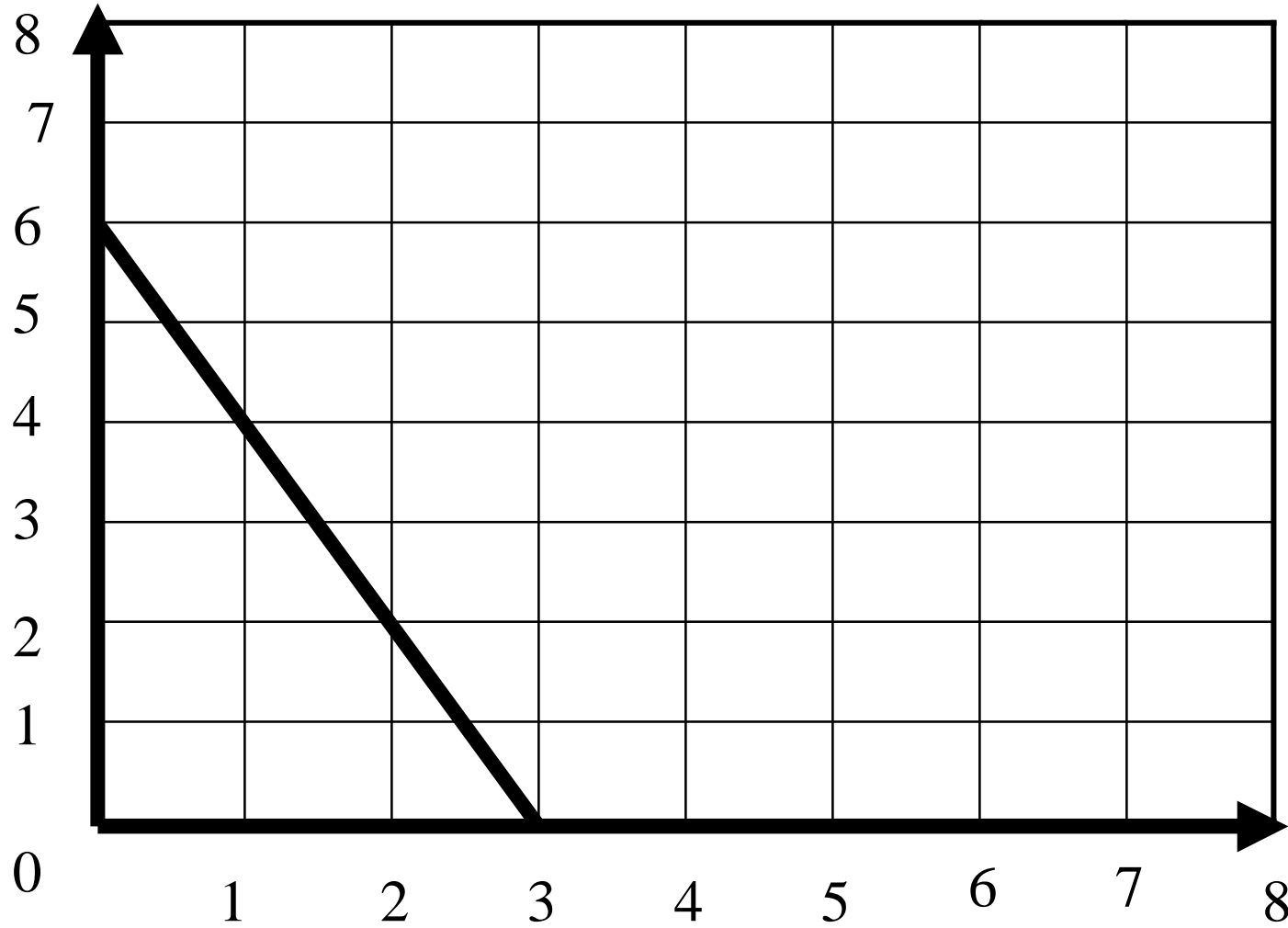
# Plotting the Function $y = 2x$



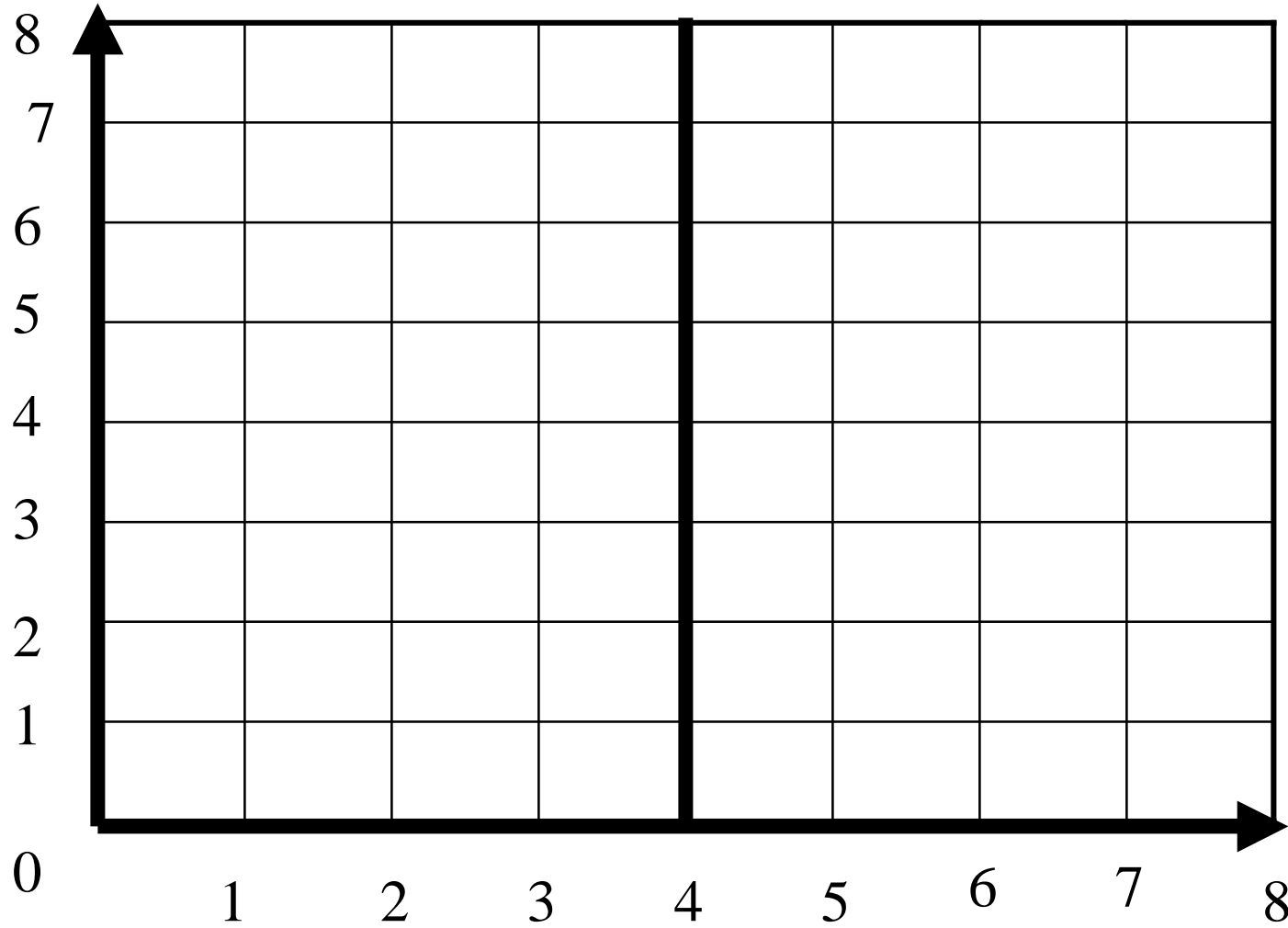
# Plotting the Function $y = 3 + 0.25x$



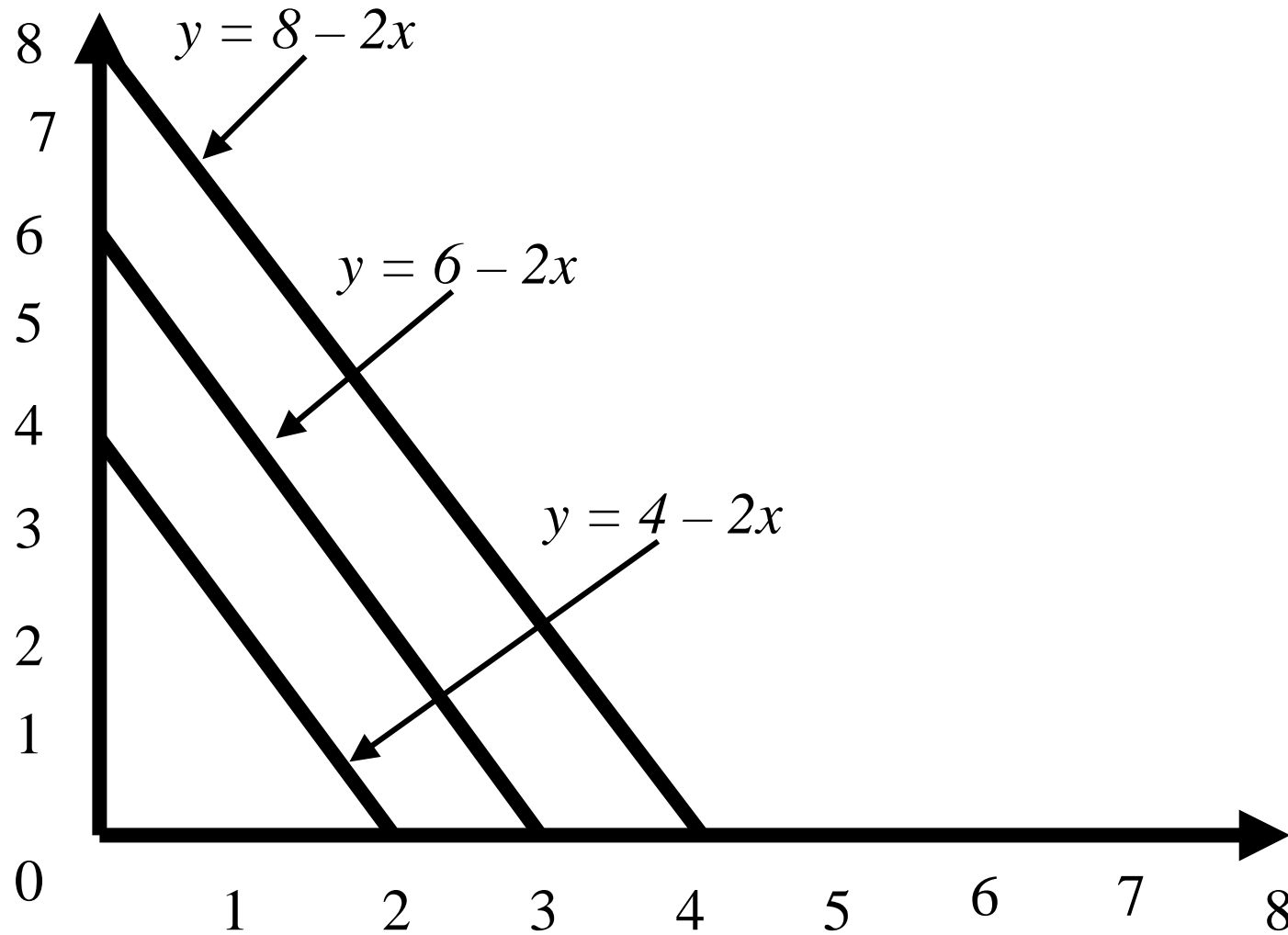
# Plotting the Function $y = 6 - 2x$



# Plotting the Function $x = 4$



# Shifting Lines: Changing the Intercept



# Systems of Equations



# Solving Systems of Equations

$$y = 6 - 2x$$

$$y = 3 + x$$

1. Solve out for y

$$6 - 2x = 3 + x$$

2. Isolate x

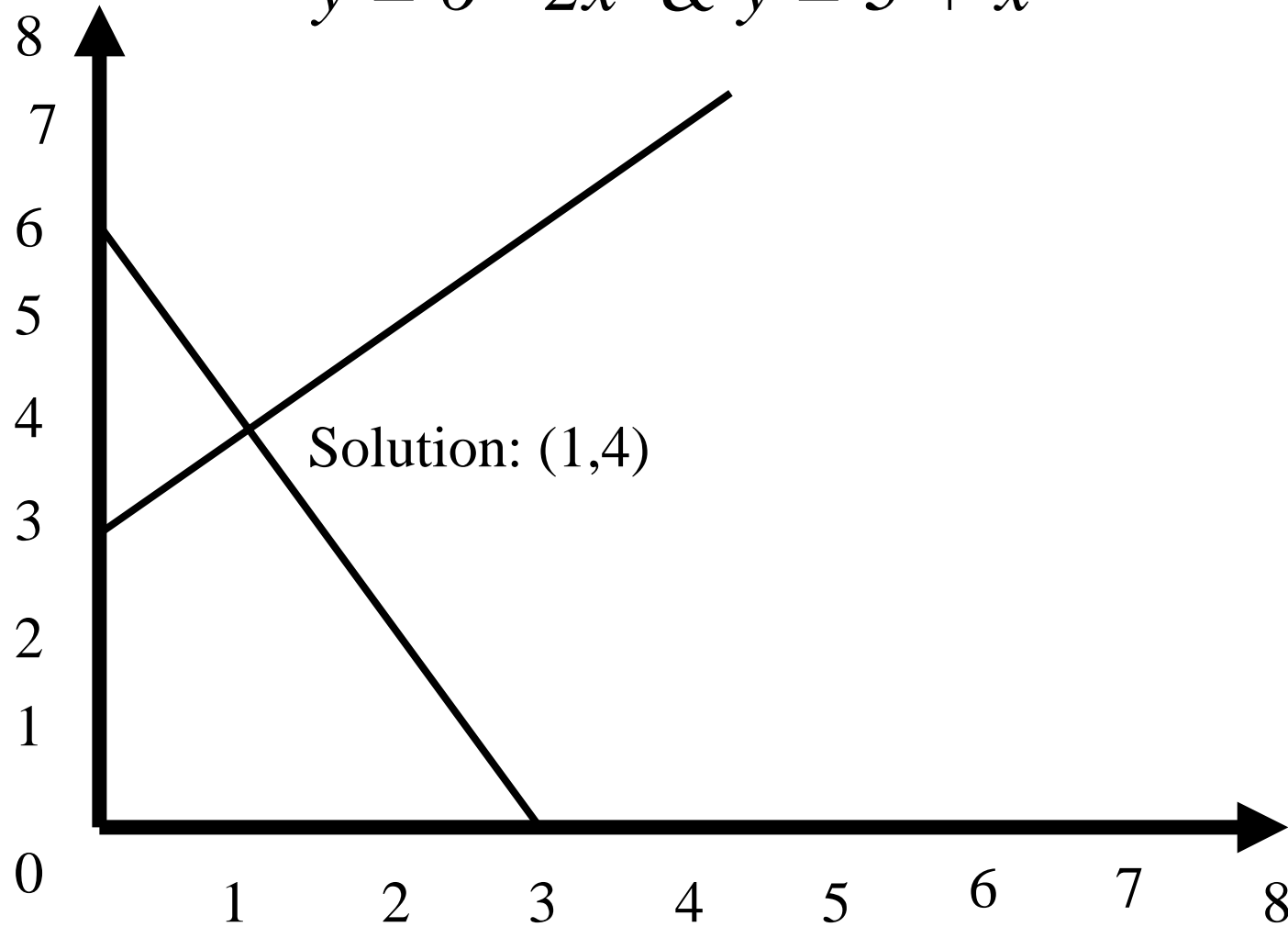
$$3 = 3x \text{ so } x = 1$$

3. Solve for y using either equation:

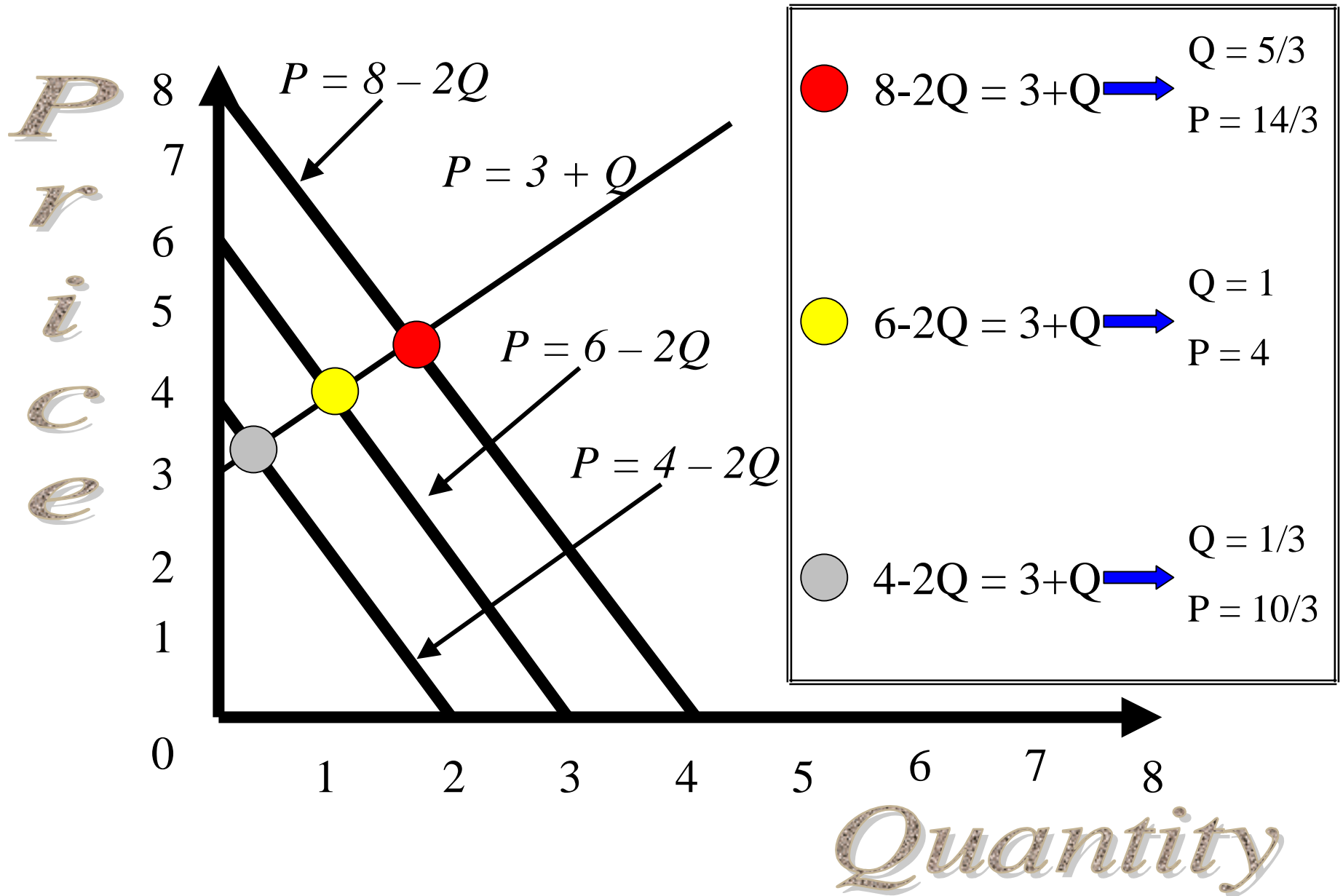
$$y = 6 - 2 = 3 + 1 = 4$$

# Solving Systems of Equation

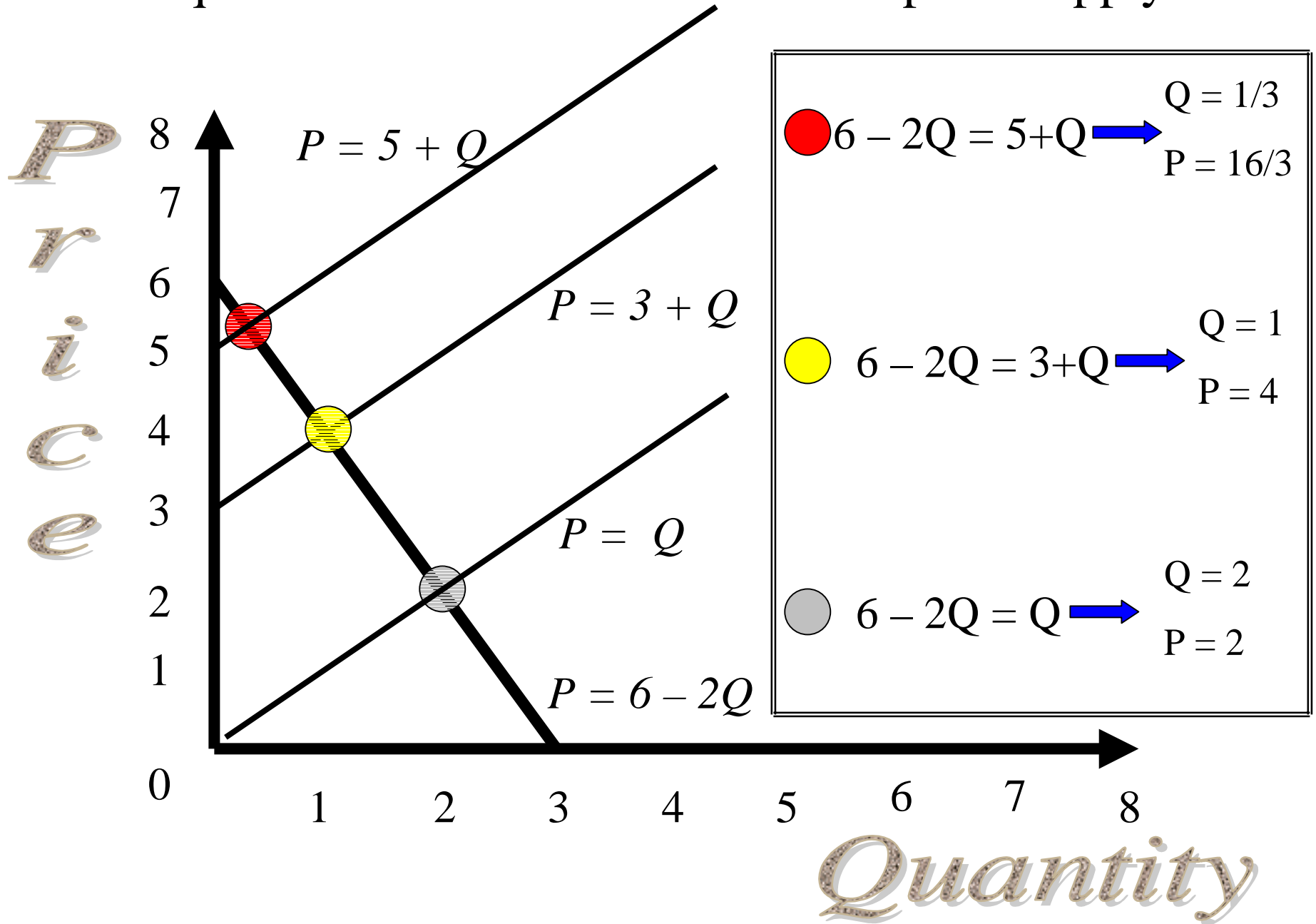
$$y = 6 - 2x \quad \& \quad y = 3 + x$$



# Equilibriums with Different Intercepts: "Demand Shift"



# Equilibriums with Different Intercepts: "Supply Shift"



# Percent Changes

# Levels, Changes, and Percentage Changes

Level	Change	Percentage Change
$x_t$	$\Delta x_t = x_t - x_{t-1}$	$\% \Delta x_t = 100[(x_t - x_{t-1}) / x_{t-1}]$
100		
120	20	20%
140	20	16.67%

## Formula for Percentage Change

$$\begin{aligned}\% \Delta x_t &= 100[(x_t - x_{t-1}) / x_{t-1}] \\ &= 100[(x_t / x_{t-1}) - 1]\end{aligned}$$

# Some General Rules

For  $z = xy$ , with small percentage changes

$$\% \Delta z \cong \% \Delta x + \% \Delta y$$

For  $z = y/x$ , with small percentage changes

$$\% \Delta z \cong \% \Delta y - \% \Delta x$$

# Examples

$$x_t = 10 \quad x_{t+1} = 11 \quad \% \Delta x_t = 10\%$$

$$y_t = 20 \quad y_{t+1} = 24 \quad \% \Delta y_t = 20\%$$

$$\mathbf{z} = \mathbf{xy} \quad z_t = 200 \quad z_{t+1} = 264$$

$$\% \Delta z_t = 100([264/200]-1) = 32 \%$$

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$$\mathbf{z} = \mathbf{y/x} \quad z_t = 2 \quad z_{t+1} = 2.18182$$

$$\% \Delta z_t = 100([2.18182 / 2]-1) = 9.091 \%$$

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# Elasticities

# Non-Linear Relationships

- May want to associate percentage change with percentage change, rather than change with change.

$$y = 2x + 3 \Rightarrow \Delta y = 2 \Delta x, \text{ but not } \% \Delta y = 2\% \Delta x$$

- One function that relates  $\% \Delta y$  to a constant  $\% \Delta x$  takes the form

$$y = bx^a$$

Where  $a$  &  $b$  are constant parameters

# Rules of Exponents

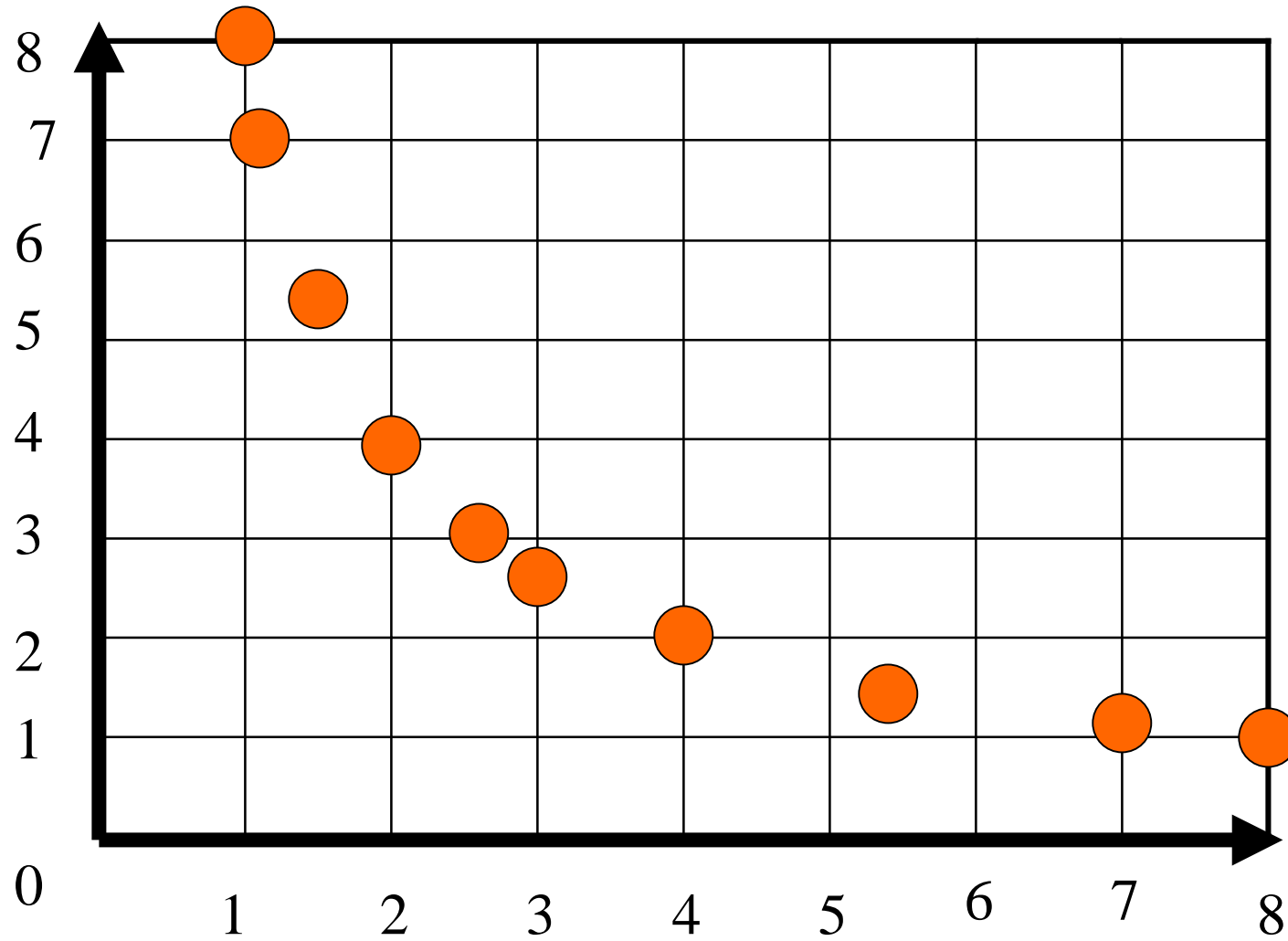
## Rule

- $x^0 = 1$
- $x^1 = x$
- $x^{-1} = 1 / x$
- $(x^a)^b = (x^b)^a = x^{ab}$
- $x^a x^b = x^{a+b}$
- $x^a / x^b = x^{a-b}$
- $x^a y^a = (xy)^a$
- $x^a / y^a = (x/y)^a$
- $x^{1/a} = \sqrt[a]{x}$

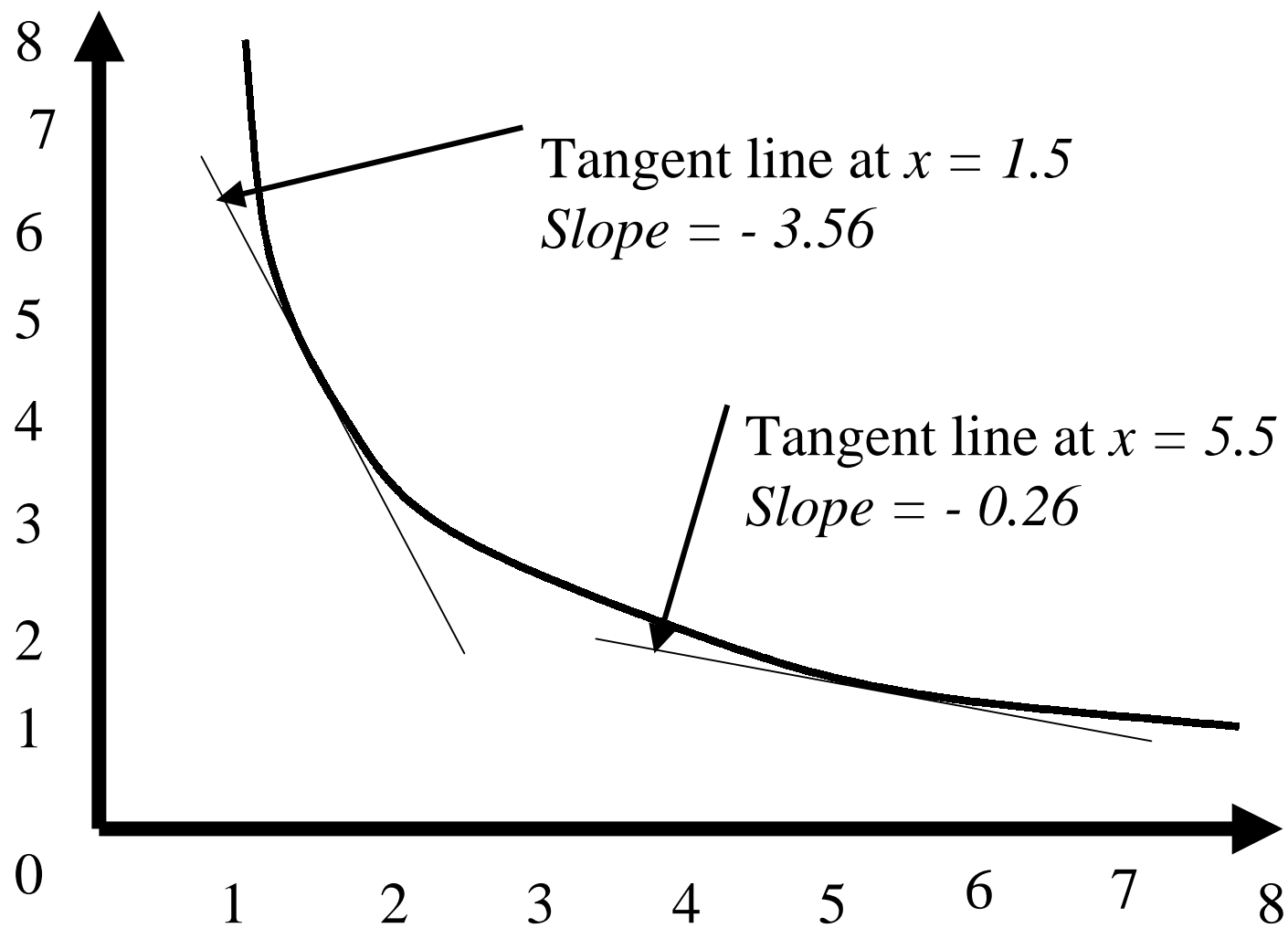
## Example

- $2^0 = 1$
- $2^1 = 2$
- $2^{-1} = 1 / 2$
- $(2^1)^3 = (2^3)^1 = 8$
- $2^2 2^3 = 2^5 = 32$
- $2^3 / 2^2 = 2^1 = 2$
- $2^2 3^2 = 6^2 = 36$
- $4^2 / 2^2 = (4/2)^2 = 4$
- $9^{1/2} = \sqrt{9} = 3$

# Plotting $y = 8/x$



## A Tangent Line to a Hyperbola Shows the Slope at a Point



# Elasticities

An elasticity relates the percent change in one variable to the percent change in another variable;

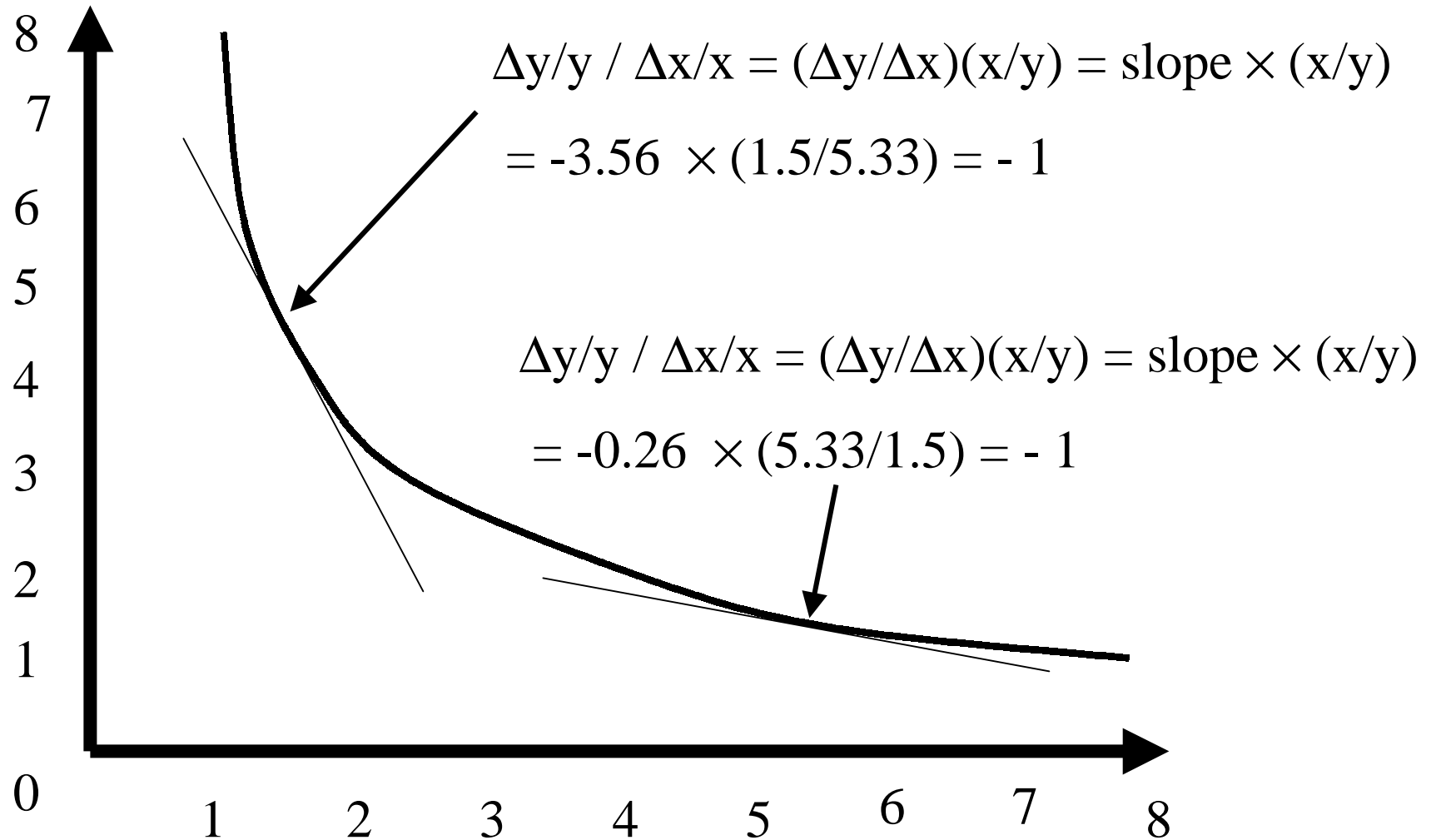
Elasticity between  $x$  &  $y$

$$= \% \Delta y / \% \Delta x$$

$$= (\Delta y / y) / (\Delta x / x)$$

$$= (\Delta y / \Delta x) \times (x / y)$$

# Constant Elasticities with a Hyperbola



# EXERCISES



1. In a Cartesian plane, plot the following points:  $(0,5)$ ,  $(4,2)$ ,  $(6,1)$ ,  $(3,3)$
2. Graph the following linear equations
  1.  $y = 2x + 3$
  2.  $y = 21 - 4x$
3. Solve the system of two equations given by the equations in question (2) above. Also solve the system for the case where equation 2.1 changes to  $y = 15 - 4x$  and show how this change in equation 2.1 is represented in a graph.
4. Graph the equation  $y = x^{0.5}$ . Calculate the percentage change in the dependent variable between the points where  $x=4$  and  $x=4.41$ . Determine the elasticity between these two points.