Econ300 Spring 2014

First Midterm Exam version W

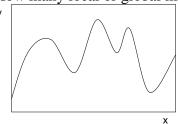
This exam consists of 25 multiple choice questions. The maximum duration of the exam is 50 minutes.

- 1. In the spaces provided on the scantron, write your last name, then your first name, and also be sure to include university identification number.
- 2. Also fill in the bubbles below your name and id number.
- 3. In the "special codes" section of the scrantron under "K" write the letter W
- 4. DO NOT OPEN this exam booklet until you are told to do so and STOP writing when you are told that the exam is over. Failure to comply will result in a 10% loss in the grade.
- 5. You **MUST** return this exam booklet with the scantron; otherwise no credit will be awarded.
- 6. Only the answers you provide on the scantron will be counted towards your grade.
- 7. Please make sure you have use dark pencil marks to indicate your answer; the scantron reader may not give you credit for an answer if it can't detect it.
- 8. Choose the single best possible answer for each question.

You are responsible for upholding the University of Maryland Honor Code while taking this exam.

- 1. Why do economists use math?
 - A. Because it is abstract
 - B. Because it is difficult
 - C. Because it is useful
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 2. A function
 - A. Is a mapping from each point in the domain to a point in the range
 - B. Shows how the independent variable depends on the dependent variable
 - C. Maps each point in the domain into one or more points in the range
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 3. The function y = 10 2x is
 - A. Concave
 - B. Convex
 - C. Linear
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 4. The roots of the equation $2x^2 2x 4 = 0$ are
 - A. $\{0, 2\}$
 - B. $\{-1, 2\}$
 - C. {-1, 1}
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 5. Consider the function $y = 4K^{1/2}L^{1/2}$, where y is output, K is capital and L is labor. A formula for the isoquant is
 - A. L = y/16K
 - B. $K = y^2 / 16L$
 - C. K = y/16L
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above

6. How many local or global minimums does the function below have?



- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. None of the above
- 7. Which function is *not* continuous on the domain $[0, \infty)$?
 - A. $y = x^2 2x + 4$
 - B. $y = e^x + \ln(e^{2x})$
 - C. $y = \ln(2x)$
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 8. The function f is concave if and only if
 - A. f is at or below all secant lines
 - B. the average rate of change is decreasing
 - C. for all a, b in domain and α in [0,1], $f(\alpha a + (1-\alpha)b) \le \alpha f(a) + (1-\alpha)f(b)$
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 9. You invest \$2 at 10% interest with continuous compounding. What is it worth after 40 years?
 - A. \$45.26
 - B. \$54.60
 - C. \$90.52
 - D. \$109.20
 - E. None of the above
- 10. What is the present value of \$1000 in 5 years with 8% annual interest compounded yearly?
 - A. \$670.32
 - B. \$680.58
 - C. \$1469.33
 - D. \$1491.82
 - E. None of the above

- 11. For 0 < a < b and x > 1, what can you say about $\log_a(x)$ and $\log_b(x)$?
 - A. $\log_a(x) < \log_b(x)$
 - B. $\log_a(x) > \log_b(x)$
 - C. The slope of $\log_a(x)$ is less than the slope of $\log_b(x)$
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 12. Your mutual fund increased in value from \$10 to \$27 over the last 10 years. What was the average annual return with continuous compounding for the mutual fund over the 10-year period?
 - A. 8%
 - B. 9%
 - C. 10%
 - D. 11%
 - E. None of the above
- 13. Simplify $\ln \left(\frac{1}{e^{10}} \left[x^{\alpha} y^{-\beta} \right]^3 \right)$
 - A. $-30 \frac{\alpha \ln x}{\beta \ln y}$
 - B. $10+3(\alpha \ln x \beta \ln y)$
 - C. $-10+3(\alpha \ln x \beta \ln y)$
 - D. $\frac{3}{10} \frac{\alpha \ln x}{\beta \ln y}$
 - E. None of the above
- 14. How many years does it take for \$10 to grow to \$20 with 5% interest and continuous compounding?
 - A. 3.5
 - B. 6.9
 - C. 13.9
 - D. 27.7
 - E. None of the above
- 15. Consider the following system. Supply: Q = 2P 2; Demand: Q = 10 2P. The equilibrium quantity and price are
 - A. (2, \$2)
 - B. (4, \$2)
 - C. (4, \$6)
 - D. (6, \$2)
 - E. None of the above

- 16. The circular flow diagram is an example of a general equilibrium model if
 - A. All variables are endogenous
 - B. All equations are solved simultaneously
 - C. Both factor and product markets are modeled together
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 17. Suppose the function f is strictly monotonic. Then
 - A. f must be strictly concave or strictly convex
 - B. f must be continuous
 - C. f must have an inverse f^{-1}
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 18. Suppose $f(x) = 1 x^2$. Then
 - A. The derivative of f is decreasing in x
 - B. f is strictly concave
 - C. The average rate of change of f decreases in x
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 19. The difference quotient of $y = 3x^2 + x + 7$ is
 - A. $2x + \Delta x$
 - B. $3x+3\Delta x+1$
 - C. $6x + 3\Delta x + 1$
 - D. $6x + 6\Delta x + 1$
 - E. None of the above
- 20. The difference quotient of $y = x^3$ is
 - A. $2x + \Delta x$
 - B. $3x^2$
 - C. $3x^2 + 2x\Delta x + \Delta x^2$
 - D. $3x^2 + 3x\Delta x + \Delta x^2$
 - E. None of the above
- 21. Total revenue = $P \cdot Q$, where P = 5 Q. The average rate of change of total revenue is
 - A. $5-2Q-\Delta Q$
 - B. 5-2Q-P
 - C. $5-2Q-2\Delta Q$
 - D. 5-2Q
 - E. None of the above

- 22. The derivative of f(x) is
 - A. The average rate of change as Δx approaches 0
 - B. $\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) f(x)}{\Delta x}$
 - C. The slope of the tangent line at f(x)
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 23. Revenue is $R(x) = 10 + 5x 15x^2$. Marginal revenue is
 - A. 10-20x
 - B. 5x 30x
 - C. 5-30x
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 24. Revenue is $R(x) = 10 + 5x 15x^2$. Revenue is maximized at
 - A. x = 1/12
 - B. x = 1/6
 - C. x = 1/3
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above
- 25. Let $y = 20 8x + x^3$. The differential of y is
 - A. $3x^2 8$
 - B. $-8 + 3x^2 + 3x\Delta x + \Delta x^2$
 - C. $(3x^2 8)dx$
 - D. 6*x*
 - E. None of the above